**African Americans and Women:**

1. **African Americans Post Civil War:**
2. **Reconstruction Amendments:**
   1. 13th Amendment:
   2. 14th Amendment:
   3. 15th Amendment:
3. **South:**
   1. **Plessy v. Ferguson (1896)**
      1. Legalize segregation “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
      2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   2. **Jim Crow Laws/Black Codes:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      1. Legal “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” Segregation
   3. **Sharecropping:**
      1. Result:
4. **Great Migration (1890-1960):** African Americans move from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   1. **Push Factors:**
   2. **Pull factors:** 
      1. **“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_’ Segregation**
5. **Early African American Leaders:**
6. **Booker T. Washington:**
   1. Institution:
   2. Theory of Progress:
7. **W.E.B. Dubois:**
   1. Institution:
   2. Theory of Progress:
8. **Women’s Rights Movement: (1848-1920)**
9. **Feminism:**
10. **First Wave of Feminism: Years\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

1. **Seneca Falls Convention: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
   1. Grievances of Women: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
   2. Key to addressing these issues: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. **Suffrage Movement (1900s)**
   1. Women took an active role in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_era.
      1. Examples:
   2. **18th Amendment:** bans the manufacture, sale and transportation of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   3. **19th Amendment:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.